

Recall of facts
 Recall and use multiplication and division facts for 3x,4x and 8x tables.

- Practice counting in order forwards and backwards
- Recall the multiplication and division facts in order
- Recall the facts in a random order and link them to fractions

Calculate using what you know...

If I know $7 \times 3 = 21$ then
 $8 \times 3 = 24$ because it is one more group of 3 and
 $6 \times 3 = 18$ because it is 1 less group of 3

1x	2x	3x	4x	5x	6x	7x	8x	9x	10x
3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30

Multiplication and division can be represented in different ways...
 These structures show the relationship between multiplication and division.

Bar model

?						
3	3	3	3	3	3	3

21		
?	?	?

$7 \times 3 = ?$ $3 \times \square = 21$
 $21 \div 3 = ?$ $21 \div \square = 3$

Array

Number Lines

Table

	10	3
3	30	9

If I know one fact, what else can I derive?

If I know... $4 \times 8 = 32$
Then I also know $8 \times 4 = 32$
And $32 \div 4 = 8$ and $32 \div 8 = 4$

Count on in multiples of 4

$4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 = 5 \times 4$

Always Sometimes Never?
 Every times table fact has two associated division facts. Explain your answer

Year 3
Multiplication and Division (including fractions)

Prove it
 Multiplying is the inverse (opposite) of dividing

Division as grouping

$30 \div 6$
 30 put into groups of 6 gives 5 groups

Finding fractions of a given quantity
 We can find a fraction of an amount by following these simple steps.

- Draw a bar model.
- Look at the denominator and divide the bar into equal parts. 4
- Calculate the value of each part $28 \div 4 = 7$
- Look at the numerator and colour this number of parts. 3 parts
- Find the total of all the coloured parts. $3 \times 7 = 21$

Find $\frac{3}{4}$ of 28

28			
7	7	7	7
21			

Use a variety of words
 multiple, multiply, array, multiplication tables, product, twice, double, repeated addition
 equal groups of, divide, divided by, divided into, quotient remainder, half, quarter, third, partition, inverse

Equivalent fractions

$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{4}{10}$

Count in tenths

What do the diagrams have in common?

Problems
 Sally has baked some buns. She counted her buns in 4's and had 3 left over. She counted them in fives and had four left how many buns has Sally got?

Scaling – How many times greater or smaller?
 In a tube of smarties, for every blue smartie, there were 3 orange smarties

Blue	1	2	3	4	5	6	9
Orange	3	6	9	?	?	? ?